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# Transforming our Hospitals: Clinician-driven Operations Management



Alain Mouttham November 23rd, 2016



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#### **Commonwealth Fund National Scorecard**

### COUNTRY RANKINGS

Efficiency

**Healthy Lives** 

Health Expenditures/Capita, 2011\*\*

Equity

Middle			_						_		****
Bottom 2*	*	*				<b>/ / / / /</b>			+		
	AUS	CAN	FRA	GER	NETH	NZ	NOR	SWE	SWIZ	UK	US
OVERALL RANKING (2013)	4	10	9	5	5	7	7	3	2	1	11
Quality Care	2	9	8	7	5	4	11	10	3	1	5
Effective Care	4	7	9	6	5	2	11	10	8	1	3
Safe Care	3	10	2	6	7	9	11	5	4	1	7
Coordinated Care	4	8	9	10	5	2	7	11	3	1	6
Patient-Centered Care	5	8	10	7	3	6	11	9	2	1	4
Access	8	9	11	2	4	7	6	4	2	1	9
Cost-Related Problem	9	5	10	4	8	6	3	1	7	1	11
Timeliness of Care	6	11	10	4	2	7	8	9	1	3	5

3

10

9

\$3,182

4

6

6

\$5,669

1

\$3,925

2

3

\$5,643

1

2

10

\$3,405

11

11

11

\$8,508

Notes: \* Includes ties. \*\* Expenditures shown in \$US PPP (purchasing power parity); Australian \$ data are from 2010.

5

\$3,800

10

9

8

\$4,522

8

7

\$4,118

Source: Calculated by The Commonwealth Fund based on 2011 International Health Policy Survey of Sicker Adults; 2012 International Health Policy Survey of Primary Care Physicians; 2013 International Health Policy Survey; Commonwealth Fund National Scorecard 2011; World Health Organization; and Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development, OECD Health Data, 2013 (Paris: OECD, Nov. 2013).

9

4

\$4,495

7

8

\$5,099

The extensive empirical analysis underpinning this book shows that there has been relatively little fundamental change in Canadian health-care policy over the past four decades. This intransigence – the result of the interaction of ideas, interests, and institutions – has resulted in a paradigm freeze.

Without some sort of insurmountable disruptive force, either a major shift in medical science or technology, or a catastrophic economic or political crisis, fundamental health policy reform in Canada is unlikely.

As Pogo once reminded us, "We have met the enemy, and he is us"

Paradigm Freeze: Why it is so hard to reform health-care policy in Canada

Harvey Lazar, John N. Lavis, Pierre-Gerlier Forest, and John Church McGill-Queen's University Press, 2013

### **Healthcare Transformation**



- Government
- Organization
- Individuals



#### **Problem Statement**



#### Value-Based Hospital:

- Patient-Centric
- End-to-End Management
- Value-Based Funding, focusing on outcomes (\(\frac{1}{2}\)Quality and \(\psi\)Cost)

### Value-Based Hospital



Hospital Transformation is a clinical transformation, and not only an administrative or IT project

**Hospital Transformation** 

#### Volume-Based Hospital:

- Provider-Centric
- Silo Management
- Volume-Based Funding (Fee-for-Service)



**Volume-Based Hospital** 

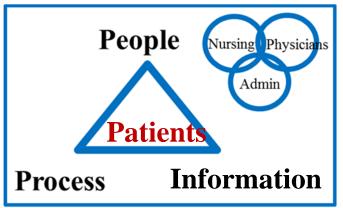
### Clinical Operations Management (COM)

#### Value-Based Hospital:

- Patient-Centric
- End-to-End Management
- Value-Based Funding, focusing on outcomes (↑Quality and ↓Cost)

#### Value-Based Hospital





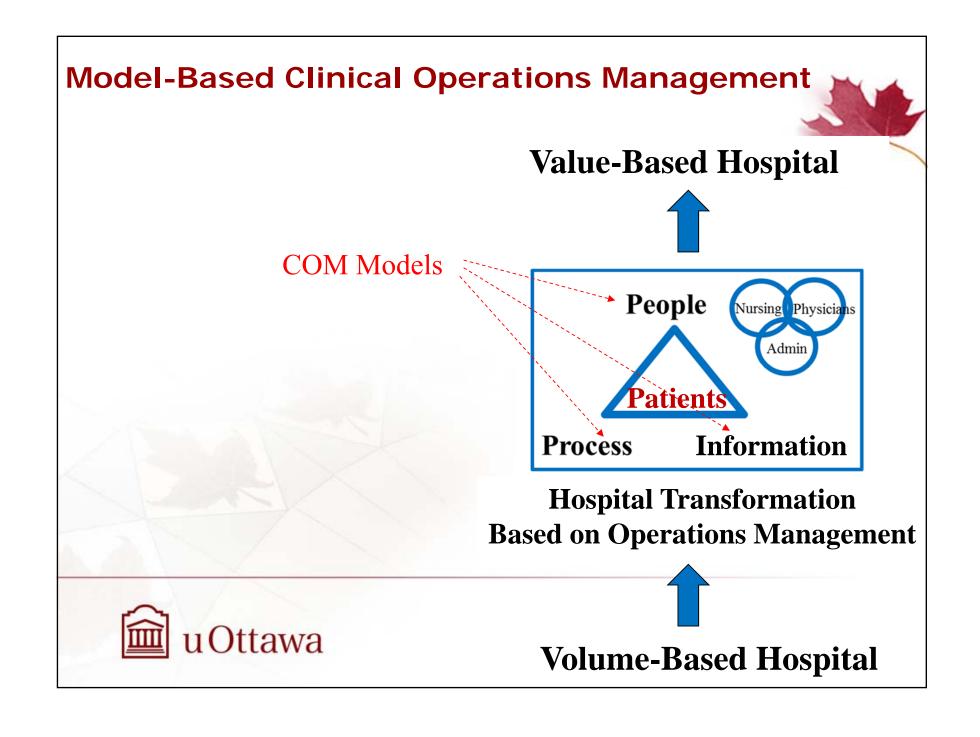
Hospital Transformation Based on Operations Management

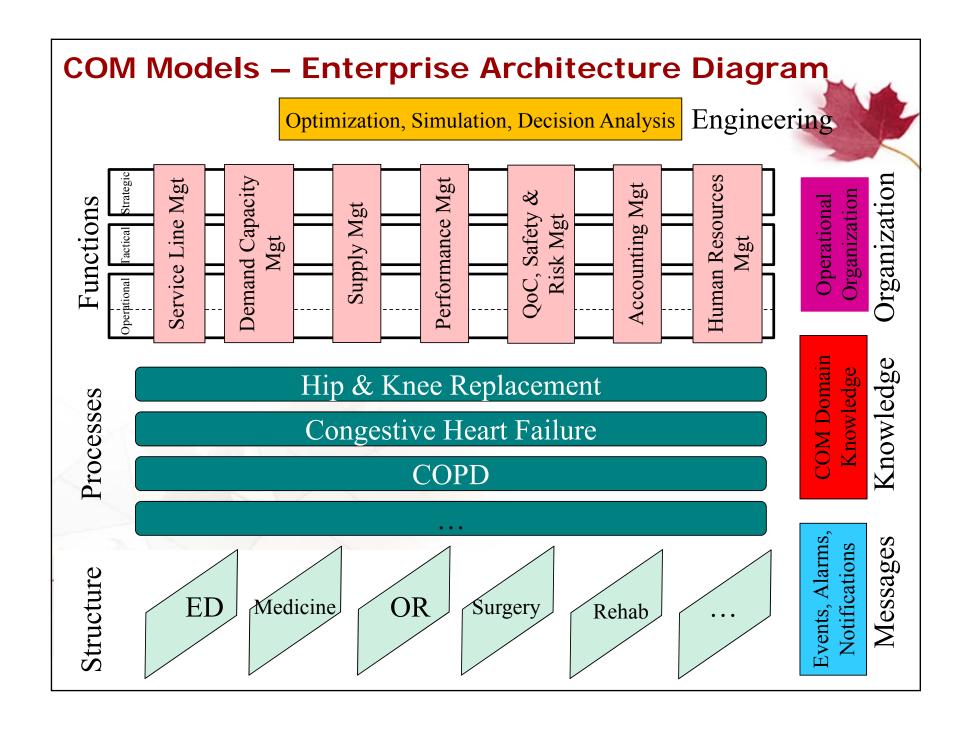
#### Volume-Based Hospital:

- Provider-Centric
- Silo Management
- Volume-Based Funding (Fee-for-Service)



**Volume-Based Hospital** 







COMF	Service Line Management	Demand Capacity Management	Performance Management	Quality of Care, Safety, and Risk Management	Supply Management	Accounting Management	Human Resources Management
Strategic (1-3 years)	Organiza	ntion					
Tactical (3-6 months)	Groups						
Operational - offline (1-4 weeks)	Individua	als					
Operational - online (real-time; daily)	Individua	als					
	u Otta	awa					



COMF	Service Line Management	Demand Capacity Management	Performance Management	Quality of Care, Safety, and Risk Management	Supply Management	Accounting Management	Human Resources Management
Strategic (1-3 years)	Pathways and QBPs based on service mix	Case mix planning;	Performance Management policies	Culture of Safety; Accreditation	design;		Organization structure; Workforce planning; Roles & responsibilities





COMF	Service Line Management	Demand Capacity Management	Performance Management	Quality of Care, Safety, and Risk Management	Supply Management	Accounting Management	Human Resources Management
Strategic (1-3 years)	Pathways and QBPs based on service mix	Service mix planning; Case mix planning; Capacity dimensioning; Workforce planning	Performance Management policies	Culture of Safety; Accreditation	design;	plan; Annual Budget	Organization structure; Workforce planning; Roles & responsibilities
(3-6 months)	processes implementing	Master Surgery Scheduling; Shift Scheduling; Scoping Ancillary Services	Performance Management planning; Historical Performance Analysis	1 '	selection; Tenders; Procedure	tracking; Activity Based	Hiring; Training; Change mgt; LEAN deployment





							THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER.
COMF	Service Line Management	Demand Capacity Management	Performance Management	Quality of Care, Safety, and Risk Management	Supply Management	Accounting Management	Human Resources Management
Strategic (1-3 years)	Pathways and QBPs based on service mix	Service mix planning; Case mix planning; Capacity dimensioning; Workforce planning	Performance Management policies	Culture of Safety; Accreditation	design;	Investment plan; Annual Budget	Organization structure; Workforce planning; Roles & responsibilities
	processes implementing	Master Surgery Scheduling; Shift Scheduling; Scoping Ancillary Services	Performance Management planning; Historical Performance Analysis	Risk Management;	selection; Tenders; Procedure	Budget tracking; Activity Based Costing; analysis	Hiring; Training; Change mgt; LEAN deployment
Operational offline (1-4 weeks)	individual patient; Activity plan update	Appointment scheduling; Booking; Staffing; Admission Control	Operational Performance Forecasting (operational BI)	medication	purchasing; Non-Stock	Billing; Cash- Flow analysis; Financial Control	Staffing; Workforce Mgt; Continuous improvements





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Service Line Management	Demand Capacity Management	Performance Management	Quality of Care, Safety, and Risk Management	Supply Management	Accounting Management	Human Resources Management
Pathways and QBPs based on service mix	Case mix planning; Capacity dimensioning;	Performance Management policies	QoC Policies; Culture of Safety; Accreditation	design;	plan; Annual	Organization structure; Workforce planning; Roles & responsibilities
processes implementing	Scheduling; Shift Scheduling; Scoping	Performance Management planning; Historical Performance Analysis	Risk Management; Falls prevention;	selection; Tenders; Procedure	tracking; Activity Based Costing;	Hiring; Training; Change mgt; LEAN deployment
individual patient; Activity plan update	scheduling; Booking; Staffing; Admission	Operational Performance Forecasting (operational BI)	High-risk medication	purchasing; Non-Stock	Flow analysis; Financial	Staffing; Workforce Mgt; Continuous improvements
real-time; Activity management; Process Monitoring & Control	control; Full-Capacity protocol; Staffing-to- Census; Real-Time Patient Flow Mgt; Housekeeping &	Performance Monitoring & Control; Escalation management	Adverse Event monitoring & control; Escalation management	Control; Rush ordering; Unit inventory	tracking; Support for staffing-to-	Sick time tracking; Support for staffing-to- census; Real-time staffing
	Management  Selection of Care Pathways and QBPs based on service mix and case mix Models of Care Planning of care processes implementing customized Care Pathways and QBP for patient groups Care Plan for individual patient; Activity plan update  Care Plan update in real-time; Activity management; Process Monitoring & Control	Selection of Care Pathways and QBPs based on service mix and case mix Models of Care Planning of care Processes Implementing Customized Care Pathways and QBP for patient groups  Care Plan for Individual patient; Activity plan update Care Plan update in real-time; Activity Management Service mix planning; Capacity dimensioning; Workforce planning Scheduling; Scoping Ancillary Services Appointment scheduling; Booking; Staffing; Admission Control Care Plan update in real-time; Activity protocol; Staffing-to- Census; Real-Time Patient Flow Mgt;	Management  Selection of Care Pathways and QBPs based on service mix and case mix Models of Care  Planning of care processes implementing customized Care Pathways and QBP for patient groups  Care Plan for individual patient; Activity plan update  Care Plan update in real-time; Activity management  Management  Service mix planning; Capacity dimensioning; Management  Management Management Management  Management  Management  Management  Management  Management  Management  Derformance Analysis  Operational Performance Forecasting (operational BI)  Capacity monitoring & Control; Full-Capacity Activity Protocol; Staffing-to- Census; Real-Time Patient Flow Mgt; Housekeeping &	Service Line Management Management Management Management  Selection of Care Pathways and QBPs based on service mix Accreditation  Models of Care  Planning of care Processes Pathways and QBP Fromance Management  Models of Care  Planning of care Planning of care Processes Pathways and QBP Fromance Management  Models of Care  Planning of care Processes Processes Scheduling; Shift Scheduling; Scoping Ancillary Services  Management  Management  Management  Management  Management  Management  Management  Management  Management  Risk Management  Risk Management  Management  Management  Management  Performance QoC Reviews; Risk Management  Risk Management  Risk Management  Performance  QoC Reviews; Risk Management  Nanagement  Performance Analysis  Falls prevention; Infection Control; Infe	Management  Management  Management  Management  Management  Management  Service Line Management  Management  Management  Service Line Management  Management  Management  Service Management  Management  Performance Management  QoC Policies; Culture of Safety; design; Macreditation  Materials Planning  Models of Care  Planning of care Processes Scheduling; Shift Supply Chain Materials Planning  Materials Planning  Management  Materials Planning  Management  Materials Planning  Management  Management  Materials Planning  Management  Fish Supply Management  Materials Planning  Management  Noreditation  Materials Planning  Management  Fish Supply Management  Materials Planning  Management  Materials Planning  Management  Fish Supply Management  Materials Planning  Management  Materials Planning  Management  Materials Planning  Management  Materials Planning  Management  Fish Supply Management  Materials Planning  Materials Planning  Materials Planning  Materials Planning  Management  Forecastion Infection Control Performance Analysis  Operational Performance Analysis  Performance Analysis  Operational Performance Analysis  Performance An	Management Culture of Safety, and Risk Management Culture of Safety, design; plan; Annual Materials Planning Models of Care Master Surgery Workforce planning Models of Care Planning of care Planning Scheduling; Staffing Customized Care Pathways and QBP for patient groups Appointment Scheduling; Scoping Care Plan for individual patient; Scheduling; Booking; Activity plan update Control Control Care Plan update in Control; Staffing; Admission Control Care Plan update in Control; Staffing-to-Control Care Plan update in Control; Staffing-to-Control Patient Flow Mgt; Process Monitoring & Control Patient Flow Mgt; Housekeeping & Control Patient Flow Mgt; Housekeeping & Control Patient Flow Mgt; Housekeeping & Control Patient Flow Mgt; Procedure Control; Staffing-to-Control Care Plan update in Control; Staffing-to-Census Monitoring & Control Patient Flow Mgt; Housekeeping & Control Management Management Supply Management Management Culture of Safety, and Risk Management Culture of Safety, Acculture of Safety, Accult



### Some COM Functions for Emergency Department

- Strategic
  - Regional coverage
  - Ambulance districting
  - Capacity dimensioning: wait rooms, treatment rooms, emergency wards, staffing
- Tactical
  - ED layout
  - Patient routing: Triage, Fast-Track,
     CDU, High-Acuity wards
  - Admission control/smoothing
  - Physician scheduling
  - Nursing scheduling

- Off-line Operational
  - Nursing staffing
- On-line Operational
  - Ambulance dispatching & routing
  - Treatment planning & prioritization; medical directives
  - Patient tracking
  - Staff re-scheduling
  - Real-Time Demand Capacity
  - Surge protocol



#### Some COM Functions for Peri-Op/Surgery

- Strategic
  - Service mix: e.g General Surgery,
     Orthopaedic, Urology, Ob/Gyn,
     Plastics, ENT
  - Case mix
  - Capacity dimensioning: e.g open 1 more OR in the Fall/Winter; create 4 additional beds in Surgery
- Tactical
  - Master Surgery Schedule for the Fall; Assignment of surgeons to OR blocks
  - OR and Surgery Nursing schedules for the Fall
  - Elective Surgery booking rules (admission control) for the Fall;

wait list management rules u Ottawa

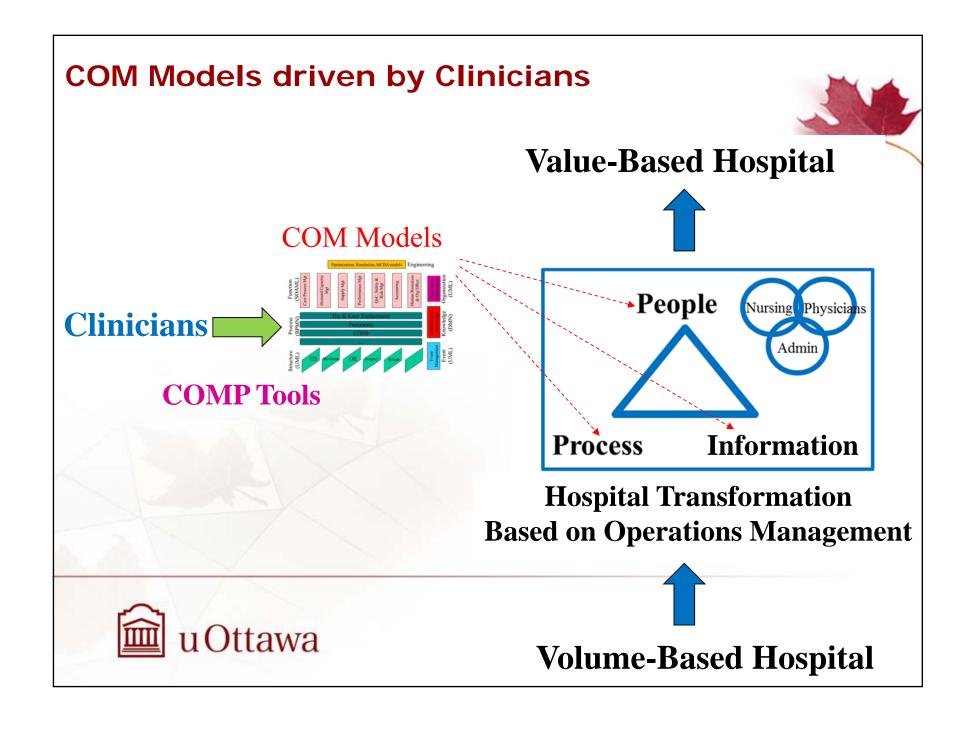
- Off-line Operational
  - Elective Surgery case booking
  - Nursing staffing
- On-line Operational
  - Emergency surgery case booking
  - Elective surgery case rebooking
  - Staffing changes
  - Nurse-to-Patient assignment in Surgery
  - Bed allocation to Patient in Surgery
  - Transfer scheduling
  - Discharge Planning; Discharge roll-out
  - Real-Time Demand Capacity
  - Surge protocol

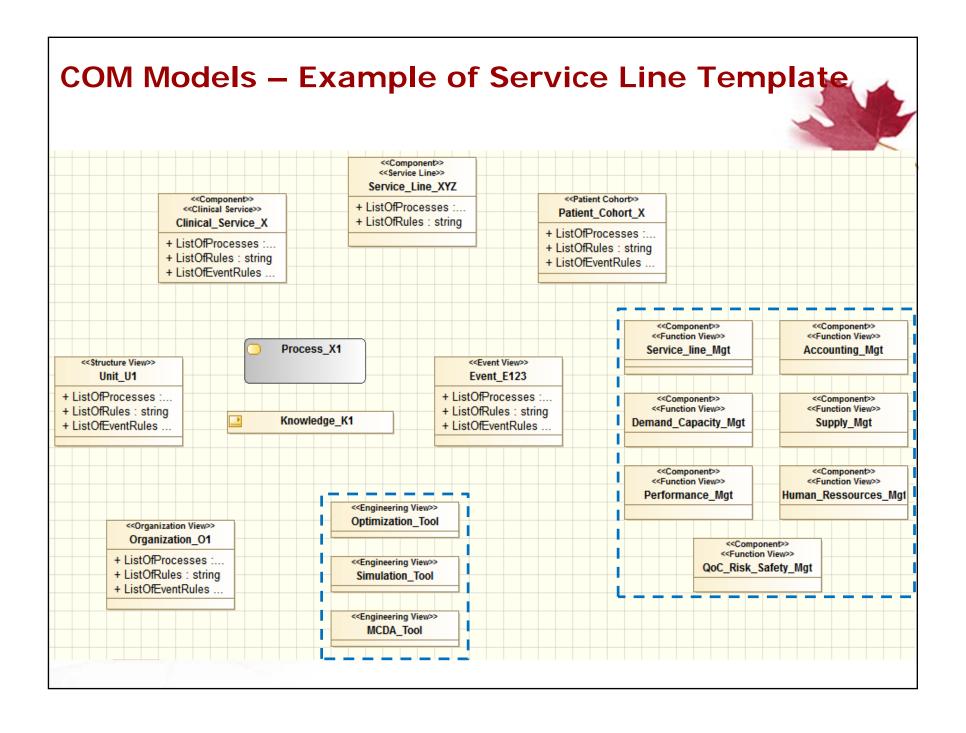
#### Some COM Functions for Medicine

- Strategic
  - Service mix
  - Case mix
  - Ward partitioning: med/surg
  - Capacity dimensioning: beds,
     Physicians, Nurses, equipment
  - Ward layout, isolation rooms
- Tactical
  - Temporary bed capacity change for seasonality
  - Admission control: static bed reservation, dynamic bed reservation, off-servicing rules from one ward to another
  - Hospitalist scheduling
  - Nursing scheduling



- Off-line Operational
  - Elective admission booking
  - Nursing staffing
- On-line Operational
  - Emergency admission handling
  - Elective admission re-booking
  - Staffing changes
  - Nurse-to-Patient assignment
  - Bed allocation to Patient
  - Transfer scheduling
  - Discharge Planning; Discharge roll-out
  - Real-Time Demand Capacity
  - Surge protocol



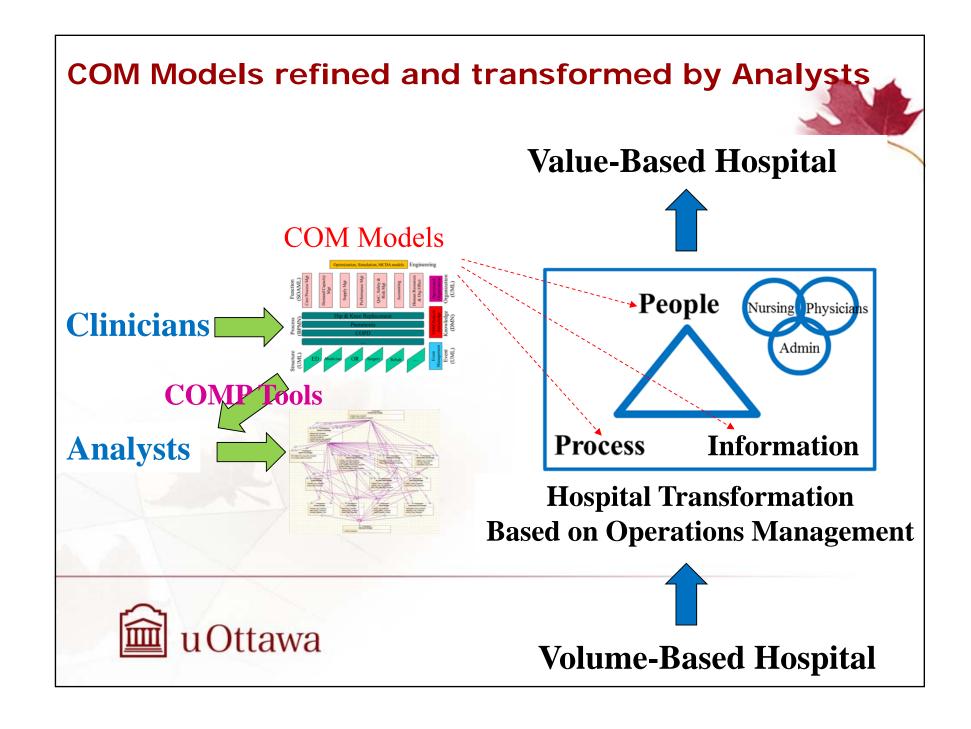


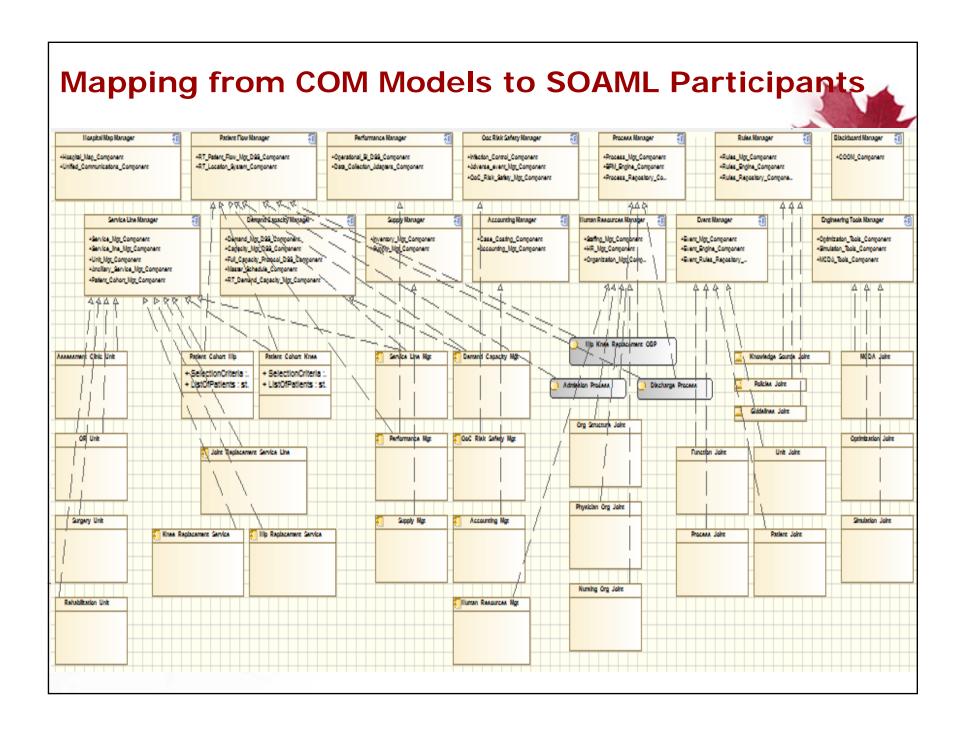
### At this stage, COM Models can be used for...

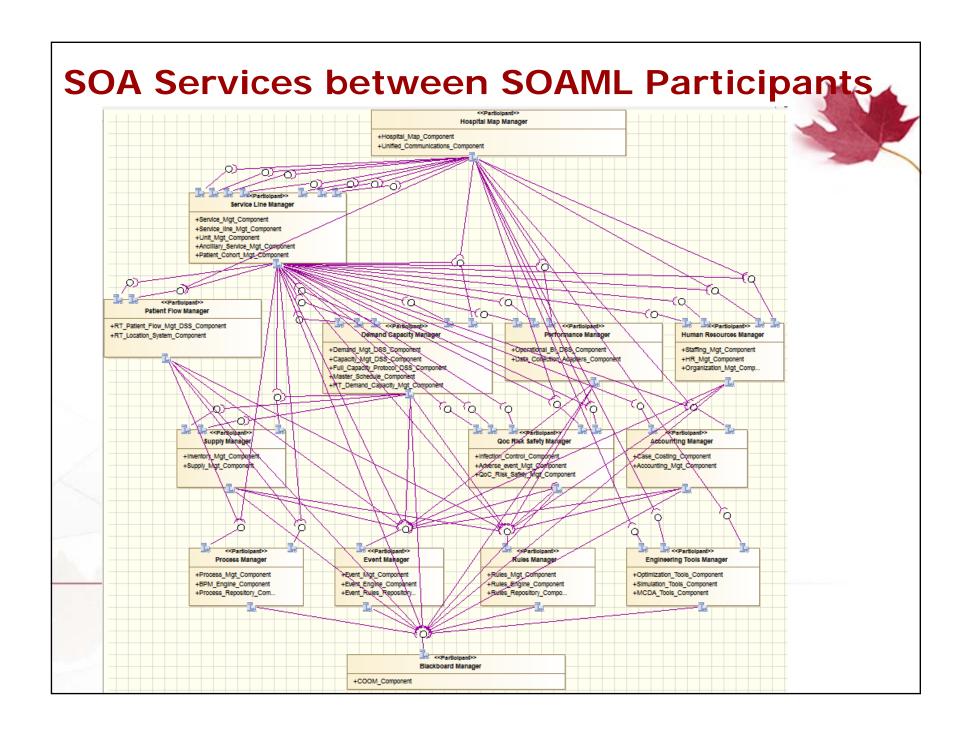
- Documenting the processes, the organization, and the information model, at the business level
- Ensuring that all business functions have been covered systematically, thoroughly, and are integrated
- Communicating the "Future" map, across the hospital

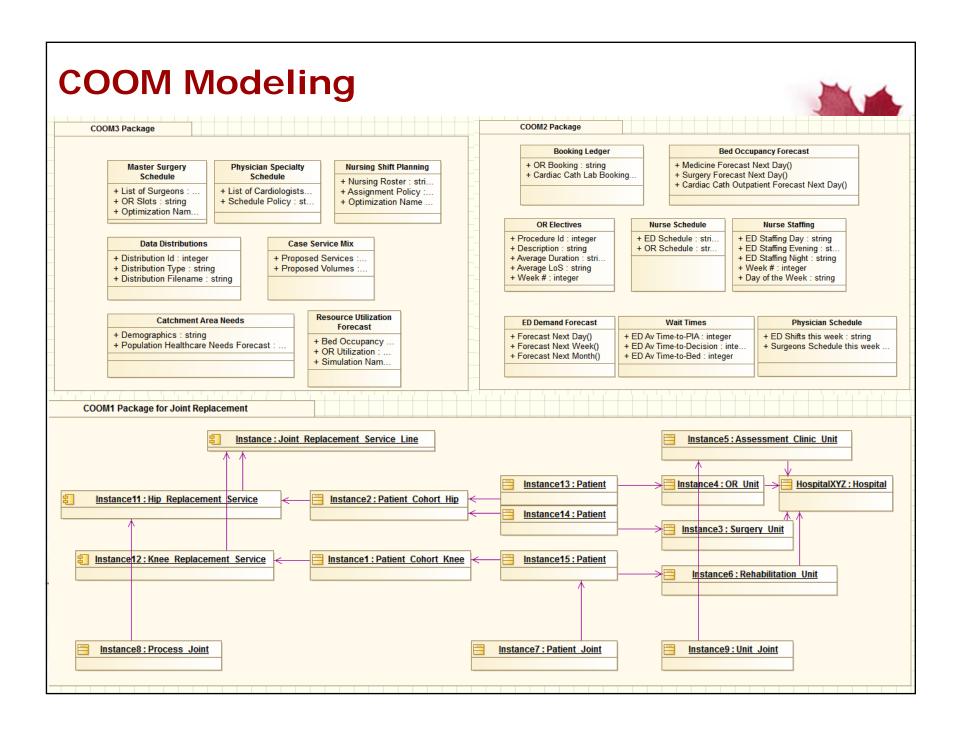
But, the COM Models can also be refined and transformed further by Health Informatics Analysts ...

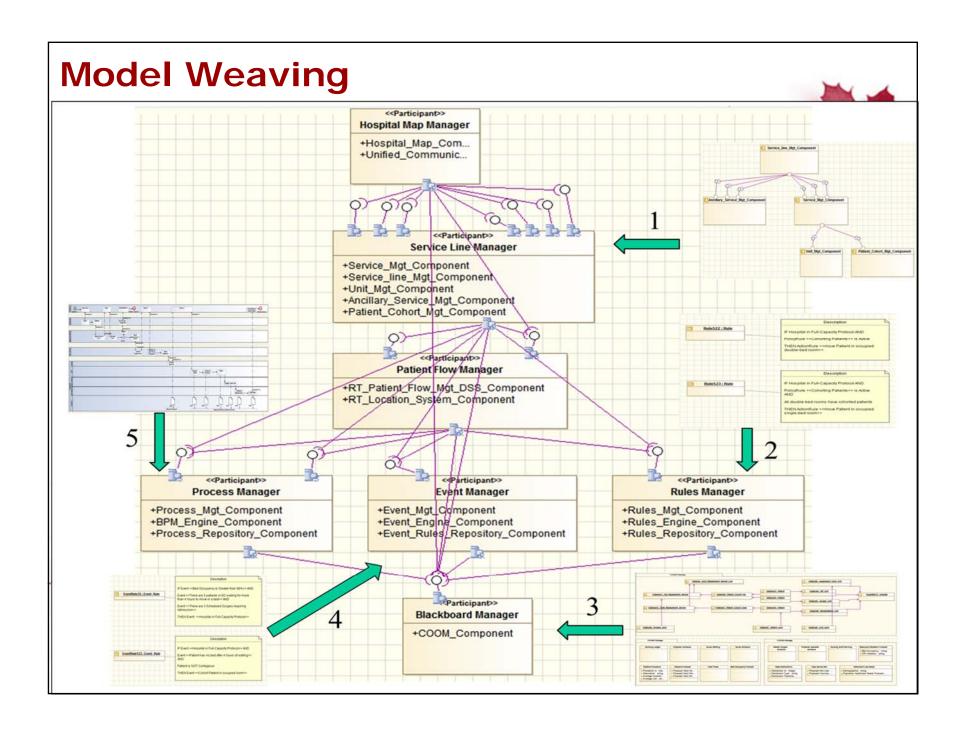


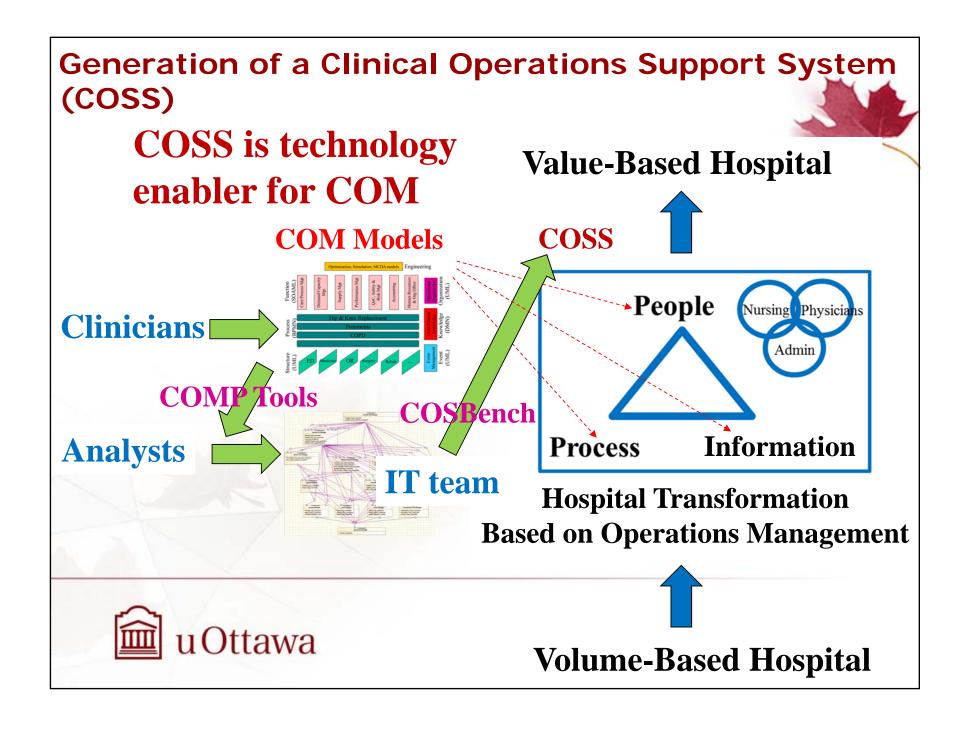


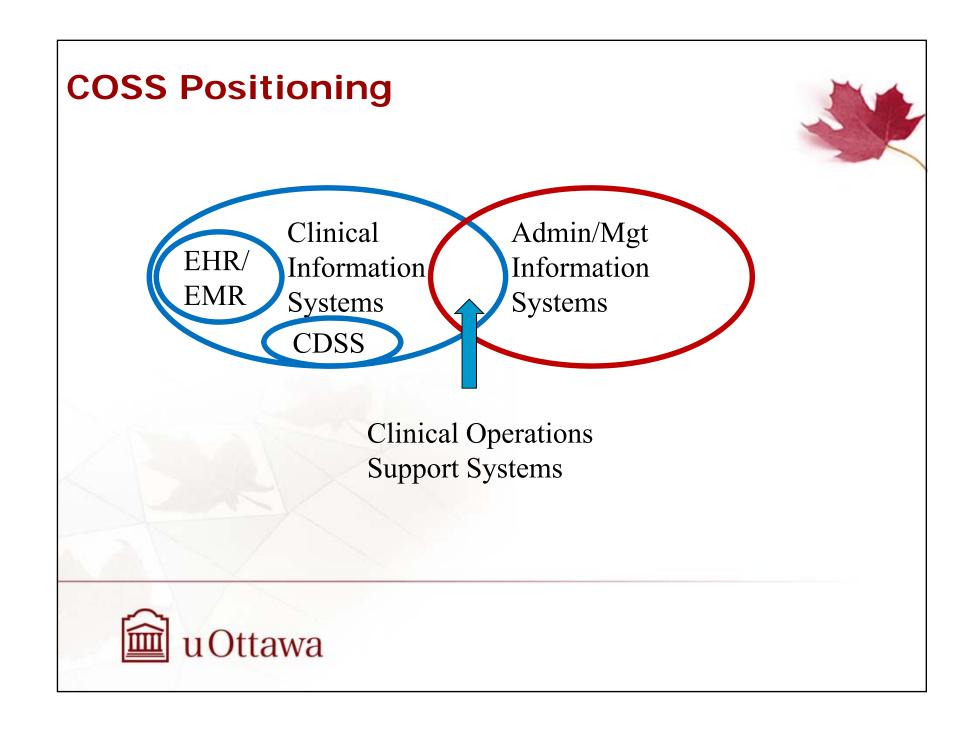








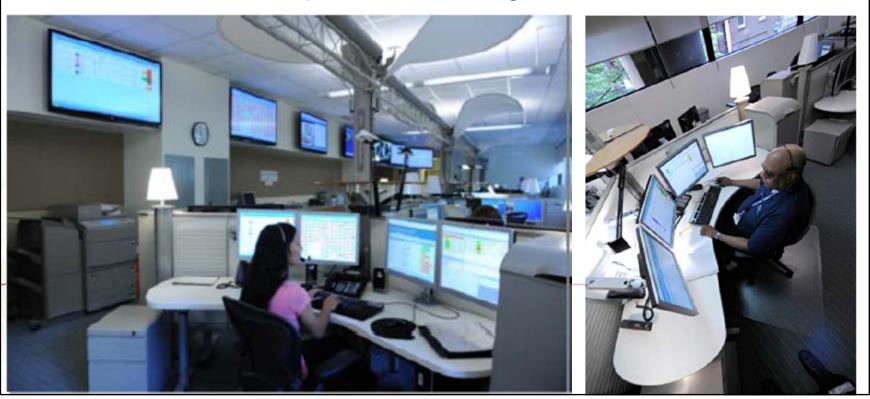




#### **COSS Architecture** Hospital Map Demand Mgt DSS Service Mgt **Full-Capacity** Service Master Protocol DSS Schedule Line Mgt Unit Mgt Capacity Mgt DSS Real-Time Demand Capacity Mgt Patient Ancillary **Operational Business** Cohort Service **Intelligence DSS** Data Warehouse **Unified Communications** Mgt Mgt Real-Time Staffing Mgt **Infection Control Case Costing Inventory Mgt Patient Flow** HR Mgt Accounting Mgt QoC, Risk, Safety Mgt Supply Mgt Mgt DSS Adverse **Process Process** Event **Event** Rules Rules Organization **Event Mgt** Mgt Engine Mgt Mgt Mgt Engine Engine Simulation **MCDA** Optimization **Process Event** Rules Repository Repository Repository Tool **Tool Tool Clinical Operations Object Model (COOM)** HL7 Adapters to EMR **Real-Time Location System Data Collection Adapters**

### Vision of Clinical Operations Management Center

- Example of Thomas Jefferson Hospital in Philadelphia
- Patient Flow Management Center equipped with Patient Flow Management System (supporting redesigned care processes and re-organization of Patient Flow Transformation)
- Real-time Clinical Operations Management



### Idea for a THTex Hospital Transformation EcoSystem



- Hospitals, willing to participate in pilot projects
  - Creation or Reorganization of hospital units into Service Lines or Centers of Clinical Excellence
- Universities, willing to do research and teaching in COM
  - Teaching of COM to Business, Medicine, Health Sciences students
  - Research in Advanced COM
- Non-Profit StartUps, willing to develop Open Source software
  - New business model for StartUps, for which there is a critical need in universal, public healthcare systems
- Provincial, Federal agencies, willing to fund Ecosystem
  - Crowd-funding
  - Ontario Chief Health Innovation Office, OCE, Champlain LHIN
  - CIHR, DND
  - US AHRQ, NIH

### **Key Success Factors for Ecosystem**



- Physician Engagement
  - "Unless Physicians see ourselves as part of the system, we will always wait for someone else to fix it". UofT Faculty of Medicine magazine:

http://uoftmedmagazine.utoronto.ca/2017/winter/

- Agile approach to bring innovations to patient bedside
  - Pragmatic Clinical Trial
  - Intrapreneuring
- •



### Recap...



- Hospital Transformation is primarily a Clinical Transformation
- One way to achieve it is with Clinical Operations Management (People, Information, Process)
- Clinical Operations Management can be based on COM Models
- COM Models could be driven by Clinicians (with support from Health Informatics Analysts)
- COM Models lead to the generation of a Clinical Operations Support System, customized for the specific needs of the hospital in terms of processes, organization, and information
- COSS supports a real-time integrated management of the hospital operations. COSS complements and communicates with the hospital Electronic Health Record system; it does not replace it.
- An Ecosystem could be the incubator for such Hospital Transformation



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## Thank you!

Email: AlainMouttham@Montfort.on.ca

**Now Q&A and Panel** 





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